



## STUDY KIT 6

**Title: CARTOMERTY: MAPS AND SCALES**

**Topic: Measuring surfaces from large and medium scale maps**

**Keywords: similar shapes, reduction, enlargement, zoom in, zoom out**

**Subject: Mathematics, Geometry**

**Cross-curricular Topic: Mathematics, Geography, ICT**

**Level: Senior High School**

**Age: 13+**

**Number of students: 30**

**Duration in minutes: 35 minutes**

**Place (classroom, outdoor etc.): classroom (computer laboratory)**

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**Language: English**

### **Overview:**

**Students work in groups with the attached worksheets. (Appendix 1)**

**They download and print the map of a certain area, including a scale. They cut out the outline of the area which they are about to measure. They copy the outline of the area on graph paper ( $1 \text{ cm}^2$  area per square).**

**They measure the number of squares which cover the surface of the map. As for the squares which are not complete, students take into account only the ones which intersect with the measurable area by at least half, otherwise they are ignored.**

**Finally, making use of the conclusions that the students have reached from the worksheets, they calculate the real area.**

### **Learning material and tools:**

**Worksheet, graph paper, pencil, scissors, computer, map**

### **Preparation:**

**None required**

### **Evaluation:**

**Groups compare their results and suggest ways to approach the result with the biggest possible precision.**



**Extra material:**  
**None required**

**Detailed description/instruction:**

**Student's worksheet.**

**Activity 1**

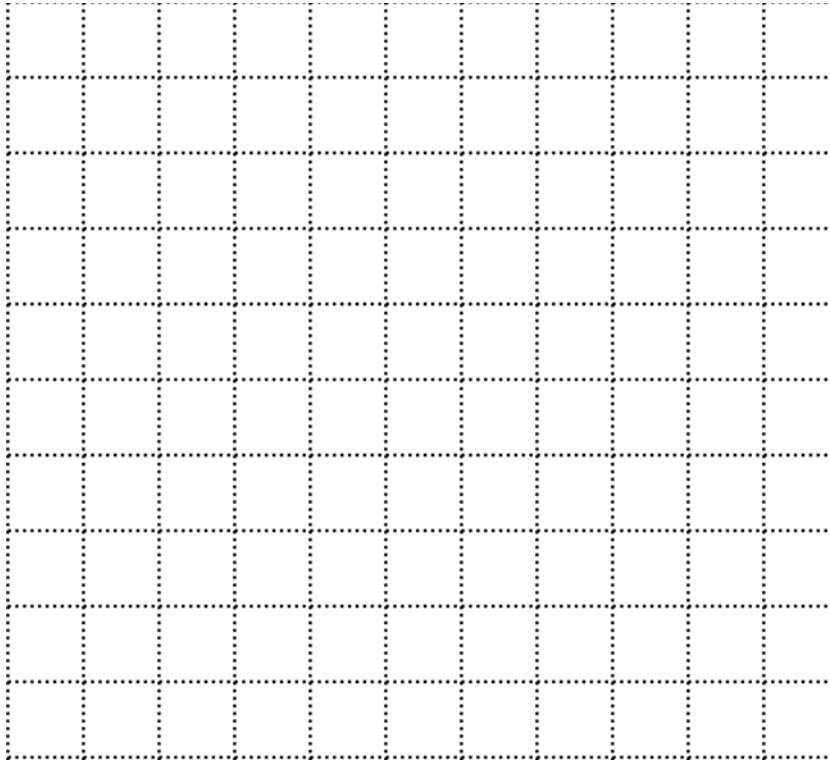
In the canvas below the area of every square is  $1\text{cm}^2$ .

Design a rectangle  $1\text{cm}$  by  $2\text{cm}$  and name it  $R_1$

Calculate its area and name it  $A_1$ .

Design a second rectangle ( $R_2$ ) whose sides are double in size compared to  $R_1$ .

Calculate its area and name it  $A_2$ .



Fill in the following table:

Initial Area $A_1$	Enlargement coefficient	Final Area $A_2$



### Activity 2

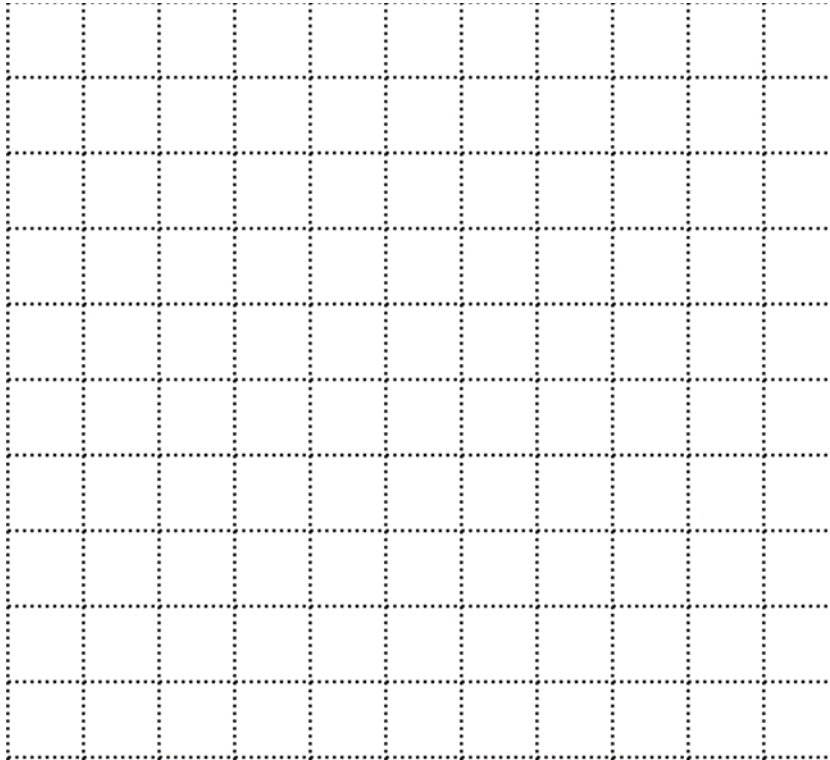
In the canvas below the area of every square is  $1\text{cm}^2$ .

Design a square  $S_1$  and name it  $S_1$ .

Calculate its area and name it  $A_1$ .

Design a second square ( $S_2$ ) whose sides are half in size compared to  $S_1$ .

Calculate its area and name it  $A_2$ .

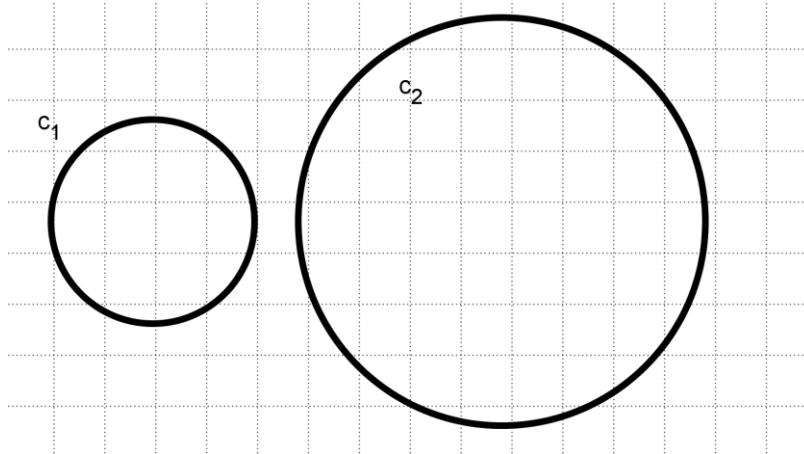


Fill in the following table:

Initial Area $A_1$	Reduction coefficient	Final Area $A_2$

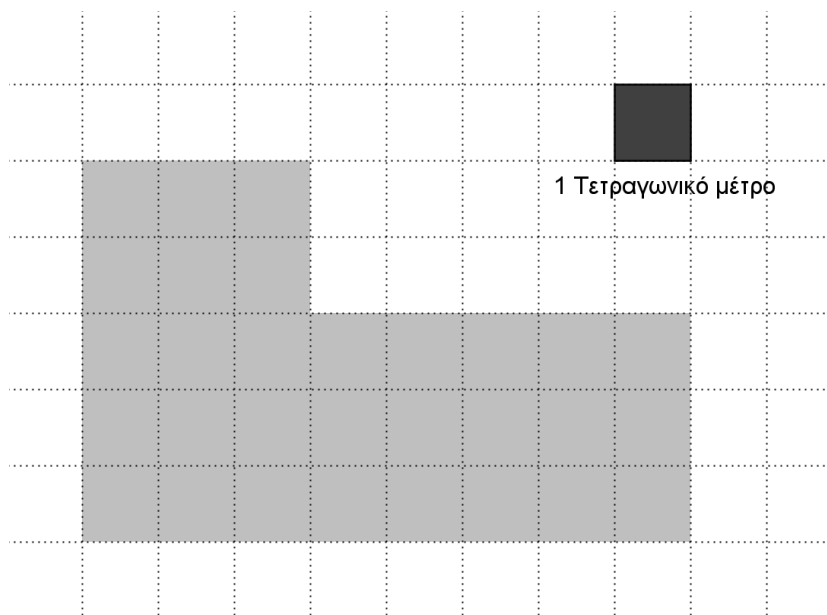
### Activity 3

C1 has been formed from reduction to the half of circle C2.



Write down what part of area of C2 is C1

### Activity 4



In the graph you can see the top view of a plot whose real area is 300



**m<sup>2</sup>.**

**Find the scale that has been used to design the top view of the plot.**

### **Activity 5**

**Cut out Czech Republic from the map.**

**Draw the outline of the country following the borderline.**

**Measure carefully how many complete squares on the graph paper the outline covers.**

**Calculate the real area of the country.**

**Compare your result to the one in geography books.**

**Suggest ways of minimizing error.**



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